



Summary

CCDPH: Key Health Indicator Trend Summary by Race, Ethnicity and Gender (2000-2002 vs. 2005-2007)

Indicator		Race/Ethnicity					Gender	
		CCDPH	African American	Asian	Hispanic	White	Female	Male
Chronic Disease	All Cause <i># deaths / population x 100,000 (age adjusted)</i>	↑	⬇	↓	↓	↑	↑	⬆
	Coronary Heart Disease <i># deaths / population x 100,000 (age adjusted)</i>	↓	⬆	↑	↔	↓	↓	⬇
	Stroke <i># deaths / population x 100,000 (age adjusted)</i>	↓	↔	↑	↑	↓	↓	⬇
	Diabetes (all cause) <i># deaths / population x 100,000 (age adjusted)</i>	↓	⬆	↑	↑	↓	↓	⬇
	Asthma <i># deaths / population x 100,000 (age adjusted)</i>	↓	⬆	*	*	↓	↔	↓
	All Cancer <i># deaths / population x 100,000 (age adjusted)</i>	↓	⬆	↑	↑	↓	↓	⬇
	Lung Cancer <i># deaths / population x 100,000 (age adjusted)</i>	↓	⬆	↑	↑	↓	↔	⬇
	Colorectal Cancer <i># deaths / population x 100,000 (age adjusted)</i>	↓	↔	↑	↑	↓	↓	⬇
	Breast Cancer (female) <i># deaths / population x 100,000 (age adjusted)</i>	↓	⬆	*	↑	↓	X	X
	Prostate Cancer <i># deaths / population x 100,000 (age adjusted)</i>	↔	⬆	*	*	↓	X	X
Maternal and Child Health	Birth Rate <i># births / population x 1,000</i>	↔	↔	↑	⬆	↓	X	X
	Fertility Rate <i># births / # females aged 15-44 yrs x 1,000</i>	↔	↔	↑	⬆	↓	X	X
	Teen Birth Rate <i># births to females 15-19 yrs/# of females 15-19yrs x 1,000</i>	↓	↓	↓	⬆	↓	X	X
	Late or No Prenatal Care <i>% of births to mothers who received no or late PNC</i>	↓	⬇	↓	↓	↓	X	X
	Low Birth Weight <i>% of singleton births to infants weighing less than 2,500 grams</i>	↔	⬇	↓	↑	↔	X	X
	Infant Mortality <i># of deaths of infants less than 1 year old / # of births x 1,000</i>	↔	↔	↑	↓	↓	X	X

KEY:

- ↑ Trend is increasing, or getting worse
- ↓ Trend is decreasing, or getting better
- ↔ No change in trend, or staying the same

The following symbols notate health inequalities (i.e. groups with the largest gap compared to the CCDPH rate)

- ⬆ Has the largest inequality and the gap is increasing
- ⬇ Has the largest inequality and the gap is decreasing
- ↔ Has the largest inequality with no change in the gap

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Indicator		Race/Ethnicity					Gender	
		CCDPH	African American	Asian	Hispanic	White	Female	Male
Injury	Homicide <i># deaths / population x 100,000 (age adjusted)</i>	↔	↑	*	↓	↓	↓	↔
	Suicide <i># deaths / population x 100,000 (age adjusted)</i>	↔	↔	*	↓	↔	↑	↓
	Firearm <i># deaths / population x 100,000 (age adjusted)</i>	↓	↑	*	↓	↓	↔	↓
	Motor Vehicle <i># deaths / population x 100,000 (age adjusted)</i>	↓	↓	*	↑	↓	↔	↓
	Unint Inj (non-mva) <i># deaths / population x 100,000 (age adjusted)</i>	↑	↑	*	↑	↑	↔	↑
Communicable Disease [^]	Chlamydia <i># of new reported cases / population x 100,000</i>	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑
	Gonorrhea <i># of new reported cases / population x 100,000</i>	↔	↑	↑	↑	↓	↑	↓
	Syphilis <i># of new reported cases / population x 100,000</i>	↑	↑	*	↑	↑	↓	↑
	HIV <i># of new reported cases / population x 100,000</i>	↑	↑	↑	↑	↓	↔	↑
	Tuberculosis <i># of new reported cases / population x 100,000</i>	↓	X	X	X	X	X	X

note: * n<20, number and rate not given

[^]communicable disease data for all regions, 2000-2002 vs. 2006-2008

^Ahealth inequity is measured by the gap between the group with highest rate and the overall CCDPH rate

x: not available/applicable

lay out based on Alameda County Health Status Report 2006

